**2014 Individual Taxpayer Organizer — Sole Proprietorship**

**Gifford And Associates, Inc.**

**2138 Gulf Gate Drive**

**Sarasota, Florida 34231-4807**

**Phone 941-927-1040 Fax 941-923-2136**

**WebSite: GiffordAndAssociatesInc.com**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Name of Taxpayer** | SS# – – |
| *First M.I. Last* | Email |
| Occupation | Date of birth / / | Are you new to our firm? ❑ Yes ❑ No |
| Address | City | State | Zip |
| County | Home phone ( ) | Work or cell ( ) |
| **Name of Spouse** | SS# – – |
| *First M.I. Last* | Email |
| Occupation | Date of birth / / | Are you new to our firm? ❑ Yes ❑ No |

*(Enter information below only if different from Taxpayer)*

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Address | City | State | Zip |
| County | Home phone ( | ) | Work or cell ( | ) |
| If you moved during 2014, enter your previous address. | Date of move | / | / |

Filing status: ❑ Single ❑ Married Filing Jointly ❑ Married Filing Separately ❑ Widow(er) ❑ Head of Household ❑ Unsure Were you divorced or separated during the year? ❑ Yes ❑ No Were there any deaths in the family? ❑ Yes ❑ No Have you received any notice from the IRS or state revenue department within the past year? ❑ Yes ❑ No

Same-sex married couples are required to file as Married Filing Jointly or Married Filing Separately for federal returns, regardless of where the married couple lives. Same-sex married couples may also want to file amended returns for prior tax years.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Names of dependent children***Child’s full name* | *Social Security* | *#* | *Date of birth* | *Months lived in home in 2014* | *Relationship to taxpayer* | *College student?* |
|  | – | – |  |  |  |  |
|  | – | – |  |  |  |  |
|  | – | – |  |  |  |  |
|  | – | – |  |  |  |  |

Did any of the children have income above $1,000 for the year? ❑ Yes ❑ No Do any of the children have a disability? ❑ Yes ❑ No Is it anticipated that a different taxpayer will seek to claim a child listed above as their dependent for tax year 2014? ❑ Yes ❑ No

## Other dependents or people who lived with you

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *Name* | *Social Security #* | *Date of birth* | *Relationship* | *Income* |
|  | – – |  |  |  |
|  | – – |  |  |  |

If you are due a refund, would you like it directly deposited into your bank account? *Name of bank*

*Routing transit number*

*Checking* ❑ *Savings* ❑

*Account number*

Ask your tax preparer for information about depositing a refund into an IRA account or splitting the deposit into more than one account.

*Note: Some tax provisions expired in 2013. Ask your tax preparer for information about the extension of various provisions.*

**Questions — All Taxpayers**

“You” refers to both taxpayer and spouse — enter “?” if unsure about a question.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| ***LifestyLe & taxes*** | * Yes ❑ No
 | Are either you or your spouse legally blind? |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Did you pay or receive alimony in 2014? *Paid/Received* $ | *Recipient’s SS#* |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Did you have health insurance for you, your spouse, and all dependents for the entire year? |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Did you purchase health insurance through a public exchange? |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Will there be any significant changes in income or deductions next year, such as retirement? |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Have you paid alternative minimum tax (AMT) in previous years? |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Did you pay anyone for domestic services in your home? |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Did you purchase a new energy-efficient car, truck, or van? |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Are you involved in bankruptcy, foreclosure, repossession, or had any debt (including credit cards) cancelled? |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Are you a member of the military? |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Were you a citizen of or live in a foreign country, or receive income from a foreign investment or bank account? |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Would you like to allow your tax preparer or another person to discuss your return with the IRS?*Designee’s name Phone number* ( ) *PIN (any five digits)* |
| ***ChiLdren & eduCation*** | * Yes ❑ No
 | Were any children born or adopted in 2014? |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Were any children attending college? | *Year in college* | Paid by you: *Tuition* $ | *Student loan interest* $ | *Books* $ |
| Paid by student: *Tuition* $ | *Student loan interest* $ | *Books* $ |
| *Other expenses* |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Did you pay any tuition for a private school for a dependent or take classes yourself? |
| *Student* | *Amount paid* $ |
| *Name and address of school* |  |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Did you pay for child or dependent care so you could work or go to school? |
| *Name of provider* | *EIN or SS #* |
| *Address* | *Amount paid* $ |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Do you have any children who earned more than $2,000 of investment income? |
| ***investments*** | * Yes ❑ No
 | Did you, or will you, contribute any money to an IRA for 2014? |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Did you roll over any amounts from a retirement account in 2014? |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Did you sell or transfer any stock or sell rental or investment property? |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Did you have any investments become worthless or were you a victim of investment theft in 2014? |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Were you granted, or did you exercise, any employee stock options during 2014? |
| ***deduCtions*** | * Yes ❑ No
 | Did you pay any interest on a loan for a boat or RV that has living quarters? |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Did you pay sales taxes on a major purchase in 2014, such as a vehicle, boat, or home? |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Did you have any uninsured loss to your property in 2014? |
| ***Business*** | * Yes ❑ No
 | Did you work from a home office or use your car for business? |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Did you receive any income from an installment sale? |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Do you own a business or an interest in a partnership, corporation, LLC, farming activities, or other venture? |
| ***home*** | * Yes ❑ No
 | Did you purchase or sell a main home during the year? If yes, provide closing statement. |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | If you sold a home, did you claim the First-Time Homebuyer Credit when it was purchased? |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Did you refinance a mortgage or take a home equity loan? (Provide closing statement) |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Did you use any mortgage loan proceeds for purposes other than to buy, build, or substantially improve your home? |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Did you make any new energy-efficient improvements to your home? |

**State information** ❑ Full-year resident ❑ Part-year resident ❑ Nonresident States of residence during 2014 and dates

School district Do you rent or own your home? ❑ Rent ❑ Own

**Income Worksheet**

Provide to your preparer all Forms W-2, 1099-INT, 1099-DIV, 1099-R, 1099-MISC, and other income reporting statements. Do not list dollar amounts for the following forms. Your preparer will report the appropriate amounts.

Indicate “T” for taxpayer, “S” for spouse, “J” for joint Provide additional statements if more room is needed

**Forms W-2 — *Wage and Tax Statement***

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| T/S | Employer name | T/S | Employer name |
|  | 1) |  | 4) |
|  | 2) |  | 5) |
|  | 3) |  | 6) |

**Forms 1099-INT — *Interest Income***

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| T/S/J | Name of issuer | T/S/J | Name of issuer |
|  | 1) |  | 4) |
|  | 2) |  | 5) |
|  | 3) |  | 6) |

**Forms 1099-DIV — *Dividends and Distributions***

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| T/S | Name of issuer | T/S | Name of issuer |
|  | 1) |  | 4) |
|  | 2) |  | 5) |
|  | 3) |  | 6) |

### Forms 1099-R — Distributions From Pensions, Annuities, Retirement or Profit-Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, Etc.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| T/S | Name of issuer | T/S | Name of issuer |
|  | 1) |  | 4) |
|  | 2) |  | 5) |
|  | 3) |  | 6) |

If the distribution is before age 59½, give a reason to determine if an exception to penalty applies.

**Tax-Exempt Interest** (such as municipal bonds — include statement)

$

Payer

Payer

$

## Other Income

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| State tax refund | $ | Unreported tips | $ |
| Alimony | $ | Other | $ |
| Unemployment compensation | $ |  | $ |
| Social Security (taxpayer) — provide SSA-1099 or RRB-1099 | $ |  | $ |
| Social Security (spouse)— provide SSA-1099 or RRB-1099 | $ |  | $ |
| Business income (see *Sole Proprietorship Tax Organizer)* | Stock sales | See *“Sales and Exchanges Worksheet”* below. |
| Rental income (see *Rental Property Tax Organizer)* | Sale of other property |
| **Sales and Exchanges Worksheet** |

Provide information about sales of stock, real estate, or other property, along with Forms 1099-B, 1099-S, or other supporting statements.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *Description of property* | *Purchase date* | *Cost/basis* | *Sell date* | *Sale price* |
|  |  | $ |  | $ |
|  |  | $ |  | $ |
|  |  | $ |  | $ |

## Notes:

• When stock is sold, you will usually receive Form 1099-B, *Proceeds From Broker and Barter Exchange Transactions,* reporting the proceeds from the sale. However, your statement will not always provide the cost/basis information necessary to compute gain or loss. If the statement does not contain the cost/basis information, you must provide it. You may need to contact your broker for questions about cost/basis and purchase dates of your stock accounts.

• Often, “transfers” of stock or mutual funds within a brokerage account are actually sales of one type of stock and purchase of another. Even if you did not receive any cash from the transaction, you may have taxable gain or loss.

• If your stock dividends are automatically reinvested, the dividends will be taxable even though you did not receive any cash. The transaction is treated as if you had received cash and purchased additional stock. When the stock is sold, the amount reinvested over the years is taken into account. You may need to contact your broker for questions about the amount of reinvested dividends.

• If you sold property other than stock, your taxable gain or loss will be determined by your cost/basis. The cost/basis is usually the original purchase price plus improvements (the cost of repairs and maintenance are not taken into account for cost/basis).

*Note: Some tax provisions expired in 2013. Ask your tax preparer for information about the extension of various provisions.*

**Itemized Deductions Worksheet**

Deductions must exceed $6,200 Single, $12,400 MFJ, $9,100 HOH, or $6,200 MFS to be a tax benefit.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Medical Expenses.** Must exceed 10% (7.5% for taxpayers age 65 or older) of income to be a benefit — include cost for dependents — do not include any expenses that were reimbursed by insurance. | **Charitable Contributions.** If over $500 in noncash charitable contributions, provide details of contributions. New rules require that the taxpayer retain documentation for all cash contributions. |
| Dentists | $ | Hospitals | $ | Cash | $ |
| Doctors | $ | Insurance | $ | Noncash contributions (FMV). Clothing or household items must be in good used condition or better. | $ |
| Equipment | $ | Prescriptions | $ |
| Eyeglasses | $ | Other | $ | Did you transfer funds from an IRA directly to a charity? ❑ Yes ❑ No | $ |
| Medical miles: @ 23.5¢ |
| Charitable mileage |  |
| **Taxes Paid.** Do not include taxes paid for full or partial business or rental-use property, including business use of the home. |
| **Casualty and Theft Losses** |
| State withholding | *Reported on W-2* | If you suffered any sudden, unexpected damage or loss of property, or a theft, provide details to your tax preparer. ❑ Yes ❑ No |
| State estimated taxes — paid in 2014 | $ |
| **Miscellaneous Itemized Deductions.** The following must exceed 2% of income to be a benefit. For use of home, or auto mileage, or other job-related expenses, provide information on a separate sheet.Were any expenses reimbursed by your employer? ❑ Yes ❑ No |
| Real estate tax — residence | $ |
| Real estate tax — other | $ |
| Personal property taxes | $ |
| Property tax refund — received in 2014 | $ ( ) | Dues | $ | Supplies | $ |
| Foreign tax paid | $ | Investment expenses | $ | Tax prep fees | $ |
| Other | $ |
| Job education | $ | Tools | $ |
| Other | $ |
| Job seeking | $ | Uniforms | $ |
| Balance paid in 2014 from prior year returns (do not include interest or penalties) | $ |
| Legal fees | $ | Union dues | $ |
| Did you keep receipts for sales tax paid during 2014? ❑ Yes ❑ No Did you purchase a car, plane, boat, or home in 2014? ❑ Yes ❑ No *Sales tax paid* $ *Purchase paid* $ *Date* / / | Licenses | $ | Other | $ |
| Safety equipment | $ | Other | $ |
| Subscriptions | $ | Other | $ |
| **Interest Paid.** Do not include interest paid for full or partial business or rental-use property, including business use of the home. Provide all Forms 1098 or lender information and ID numbers. |
| **Other Miscellaneous Deductions.** The following deductions are not subject to a 2% of income limit. |
| Gambling losses | $ | Federal estate tax on IRD | $ |
| Main home | $ | Equity loan | $ |
| Second home | $ | Equity loan | $ | Impairment- related expenses | $ | Loss from box 2, K-1, Form 1065B | $ |
| Points | $ | Investment interest | $ |

Did you pay a mortgage insurance premium when you purchased your home? *Amount* $ *Date* / /

**Other Deductions or Questions**

**Notes:** • Gambling losses are deductible only up to the amount of gambling winnings reported. A log must be kept to verify losses.

* Work clothing is not deductible if adaptable for every day wear. Exception for safety equipment, such as steel-toe boots.
* Legal expenses are deductible only if related to producing or collecting taxable income.
* Expenses to enable individuals, who are physically or mentally impaired, to work are generally deductible.

|  |
| --- |
| **Adjustments Worksheet** |
| *Educator expenses.* Classroom expenses of teachers, counselors, and principals. Maximum $250 each. | $ |
| *Health savings account deduction (HSA).* | $ |
| *Self-employed SEP, SIMPLE, and qualified plans.* Some contributions for 2014 may be made in 2015. | $ |
| *Self-employed health insurance deduction.* Sole proprietors, partners, and 2% S corporation shareholders if not eligible for employer coverage. | $ |
| *Penalty on early withdrawal of savings.* | $ |
| *IRA deduction.* For traditional IRAs. Roth IRAs are not deductible. Some contributions for 2014 may be made in 2015. | $ |
| *Student loan interest deduction.* Paid for taxpayers and dependents. Income limits apply. | $ |
| *Tuition and fees deduction.* Qualified tuition and fees if not claiming education credits. Income limits apply. | $ |
| *Moving expenses.* Job-related move and at least 50 mile increase in commuting distance. | Ask preparer |
| *Business expenses of reservists, performing artists, and fee-based government officials.* | Ask preparer |

|  |
| --- |
| **Estimated Tax Payments — Tax Year 2014** |
| *Installment* | *Date paid* | *Federal* | *Date paid* | *State* |
| First |  | $ |  | $ |
| Second |  | $ |  | $ |
| Third |  | $ |  | $ |
| Fourth |  | $ |  | $ |
| Amount applied from 2013 refund? |  | $ |  | $ |
| Total |  | $ |  | $ |
| **Privacy Policy** |

# The nature of our work requires us to collect certain nonpublic information. We collect financial and personal information from applications, worksheets, reporting statements, and other forms, as well as interviews and conversations with our clients and affiliates. We may also review banking and credit card information about our clients in the performance of receipt of payment. Under our policy, all information we obtain about you will be provided by you or obtained with your permission.

Our firm has procedures and policies in place to protect your confidential information. We restrict access to your confidential information to those within our firm who need to know in order to provide you with services. We will not disclose your personal information to a third party without your permission, except where required by law. We maintain physical, electronic, and procedural safeguards in compliance with federal regulations that protect your personal information from unauthorized access.

**Tax Preparation Checklist**

Please provide the following documentation:

* All Forms W-2 (wages), 1099-INT (interest), 1099-DIV (dividends), 1099-B (proceeds from broker or barter transactions), 1099-R (pensions and IRA distributions), Schedules K-1 from partnerships, S corporations, estates and trusts, and other income reporting statements, including all copies provided from the payer.
* Form 1095-A (for health insurance purchased through a public exchange), Form 1095-B (for health insurance purchased outside of a public exchange), or Form 1095-C (for employer-provided health insurance coverage).
* If you are a new client, provide copies of last year’s tax returns.
* The completed Individual Income Tax Organizer. *Note:* If you choose not to fill out the organizer, you must at least answer the “Yes” or “No” questions under “Questions — All Taxpayers.”
* Copy of the closing statement if you bought or sold real estate.
* Mileage figures for any automobile expenses claimed, including total mileage, commuting mileage, and business mileage.
* Detail of estimated tax payments made, if any.
* Income and deductions categorized on a separate sheet for business or rental activities.
* List of itemized deductions categorized on a separate sheet for medical, taxes, interest, charitable, and miscellaneous deductions.
* Copy of all acknowledgement letters received from charitable organizations for contributions made in 2014.

**Tax Return Preparation**

We will prepare your tax return based on information you provide. In the event your return is audited, you will be responsible for verifying the items reported. It is important that you review the return carefully before signing to make sure the information is

correct. Unless otherwise stated, the services for preparation of your return do not include auditing, review, or any other verification or assurance.

**Contact Us**

There are many events that occur during the year that can affect your tax situation. Preparation of your tax return involves summarizing transactions and events that occurred during the prior year. In most situations, treatment is firmly established at the time the transaction occurs. However, negative tax effects can be avoided by proper planning. Please contact us in advance if you have questions about the tax effects of a transaction or event, including the following:

* Pension or IRA distributions • Sale or purchase of a residence or other real estate
* Significant change in income or deductions • Retirement
* Job change • Notice from IRS or other revenue department
* Marriage • Divorce or separation
* Attainment of age 59½ or 70½ • Self-employment
* Sale or purchase of a business • Charitable contributions of property in excess of $5,000

**Sole Proprietorship Tax Organizer** *Use a separate organizer for each business*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Sole Proprietor General Information** |  |
| Name of sole proprietor |  |  |
| Business name *(if different)* | EIN *(if applicable)* | – |
| Business address *(if different from home address)* |  |  |
| Principal business activity | Date business started | / / |
| Principal product or service |  |  |

Accounting method: ❑ Cash ❑ Accrual ❑ Other *(specify)*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Was the primary purpose of the business activity to realize a profit? |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Did you materially participate in the operation of this business? |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Has the business reported any losses in prior years? |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Does the business file under a calendar year? *(If no, what is the fiscal year?)* |
| **Sole Proprietor Specific Questions** |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Did you pay any family members for services? |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Did you make any payments of $600 or more to subcontractors, attorneys, accountants, directors, etc.? |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | If Yes, did you issue Form 1099-MISC? *List name and social security number (SSN) for each person to whom you paid $600 or more.* |
| Name | SSN |
| Name | SSN |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Did you make, or do you plan to make, any contributions to a self-employed retirement plan? |
| Type of plan | Amount contributed | $ |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Did you pay for your own health/dental insurance? *If Yes, provide amount of premiums paid during the year.* | $ |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Did you have any employees? |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Did you have any bartering transactions in 2014? |
| **Sole Proprietor Business Income** |
| Gross receipts or sales *(if you received Forms 1099-MISC, list name of payer and amount separately from gross receipts or sales)* | $ |
| Form 1099-MISC | $ | Form 1099-K | $ |  |
| Form 1099-MISC | $ | Form 1099-K | $ |
| Total of all Forms 1099-MISC and 1099-K received | $ |
| Returns and allowances | $ ( ) |
| Other income *(not included in gross receipts above)* | $ |

**Form 1099-MISC.** You may receive Form 1099-MISC (instead of Form W-2) if you are not classified as an employee. If you receive Form 1099- MISC, you are generally required to file Schedule C, *Profit or Loss From Business,* claim any expenses associated with the income received, and must pay self-employment (SE) tax on the income.

|  |
| --- |
| **Sole Proprietor Cost of Goods Sold *(for manufacturers, wholesalers, and businesses that make, buy, or sell goods)*** |
| Inventory at the beginning of the year | $ |
| Purchases | $ |
| Cost of labor | $ |
| Materials and supplies | $ |
| Inventory at the end of the year | $ |
| **Sole Proprietor Business Expenses** |
| Advertising | $ | Office supplies | $ |
| Bad debts | $ | Start-up costs *(first year of business)* | $ |
| Bank charges | $ | Pension and profit sharing plans | $ |
| Business licenses | $ | Rent or lease – car, machinery, equipment | $ |
| Commissions and fees | $ | Rent or lease – other business property | $ |
| Contract labor\* | $ | Repairs and maintenance | $ |
| Employee benefit programs | $ | Supplies *(not included in inventory cost)* | $ |
| Employee health care plans | $ | Taxes – payroll\* | $ |
| Entertainment and business (in town) meals | $ | Taxes – property | $ |
| Gifts | $ | Taxes – sales | $ |
| Insurance *(other than health insurance)* | $ | Taxes – state | $ |
| Interest – mortgage | $ | Telephone | $ |
| Interest – other | $ | Utilities | $ |
| Internet service | $ | Wages\* | $ |
| Legal and professional services | $ | Other | $ |
| Management fees |  | Other | $ |

\* Provide copies of Form W-3, Form 940, Form 941, Form 1096, Form 1099-MISC, and any state tax forms filed.

|  |
| --- |
| **Other Business Expenses – *List out type and expense amount*** |
|  | $ |  | $ |
|  | $ |  | $ |
|  | $ |  | $ |
|  | $ |  | $ |
|  | $ |  | $ |
|  | $ |  | $ |
|  | $ |  | $ |
|  | $ |  | $ |
|  | $ |  | $ |
|  | $ |  | $ |
| **Car Expenses *(use a separate form for each vehicle)*** |
| Make/Model | Date car placed in service / / |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Car available for personal use during off-duty hours? |  |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Do you (or your spouse) have any other cars for personal use? | Did you trade in your car this year? ❑ Yes ❑ No |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Do you have evidence? | Cost of trade-in$ | Trade-in value$ |
| * Yes ❑ No
 | Is your evidence written? |
| *Mileage* | *Actual Expenses* |
| Beginning of year odometer |  | Gas/oil | $ |
| End of year odometer |  | Insurance | $ |
| Business mileage |  | Parking fees/tolls | $ |
| Commuting mileage |  | Registration/fees | $ |
| Other mileage |  | Repairs | $ |

Generally, you can use either the standard mileage rate or actual expenses to figure the deductible costs of operating your car for business pur- poses. However, to use the standard mileage rate, it must be used in the first year the car is available for business. In later years, you can then choose between either the standard mileage rate method or actual expenses.

**Travel Expenses**

• **Meals.** You can deduct the cost of meals while traveling away from home on business. You can use the actual cost of your meals or the standard meal allowance per diem, which can vary by location.

• **Travel/Lodging.** You can deduct the ordinary and necessary ex- penses of traveling away from your home for business purposes. Included expenses are transportation, airfare, taxi, lodging, etc.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *City visited (for per diem)* | *# of days in city* | *City visited (for per diem)* | *# of days in city* |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| ***Travel expenses*** |
| Airfare | $ | Other travel expenses *(describe below)* |
| Bus, train, taxi | $ |  | $ |
| Entertainment | $ |  | $ |
| Lodging | $ |  | $ |
| Parking and tolls | $ |  | $ |
| Meals *(actual receipts)* | $ |  | $ |
| **Equipment Purchases – *Enter the following information for depreciable assets purchased that have a useful life greater than one year*** |
| *Asset* | *Date purchased* | *Cost* | *Date placed in service* | *New or used?* |
|  |  | $ |  |  |
|  |  | $ |  |  |
|  |  | $ |  |  |
|  |  | $ |  |  |
|  |  | $ |  |  |
|  |  | $ |  |  |
|  |  | $ |  |  |
|  |  | $ |  |  |
|  |  | $ |  |  |
|  |  | $ |  |  |

**Depreciation.** If property you acquire to use in your business is expected to last more than one year, you generally cannot deduct the entire cost as a business expense. Depreciation spreads out the cost of a business asset allowing you to recover the cost or other basis of property over a period of years. It is an annual allowance for the wear and tear, deterioration, or uselessness of property. The IRS has outlined a useful life (a set number of years) for most assets.

|  |
| --- |
| **Equipment Sold or Disposed of During Year** |
| *Asset* | *Date out of service* | *Date sold* | *Selling price/FMV* | *Trade-in?* |
|  |  |  | $ |  |
|  |  |  | $ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | $ |  |

**Disposition of Property.** A disposition of property occurs when you sell property for cash or other property, you exchange property for other property, you transfer property to satisfy a debt, you abandon property, your bank forecloses or repossesses your property, or your property is damaged, destroyed, or stolen and you receive property or money in payment.

**Business Use of the Home**

Area of home must be exclusively used for business except for storage or day care. ***Note:*** Managing rental activities or investments does not qualify for business use of the home.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ***All Taxpayers*** | ***For Day Care Only*** |
| A) Business use area (square footage) |  | 1) Hours used for day care |  |
| B) Total area of home (square footage) |  | 2) Total hours in year | 8,760 hrs. |

Enter below only the expenses paid during the period the home was used for business.

***Direct expenses*** *benefit only the business use portion of the home. This includes painting or repairs exclusively for the business area.*

***Indirect expenses*** *are for keeping up and running the entire home, such as mortgage interest and property taxes.*

If you bought or sold your home during 2014, copy this worksheet and fill out one for each home.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | *Direct* | *Indirect* |  | *Direct* | *Indirect* |
| Mortgage interest | $ | $ | Repairs and maintenance | $ | $ |
| Property taxes | $ | $ | Utilities | $ | $ |
| Insurance | $ | $ | Other | $ | $ |

### Depreciation of the Home

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Lower of cost or fair market value of home | $ | Improvements? | * Yes ❑ No
 |
| Value of land | $ | Casualty losses in 2014? | * Yes ❑ No
 |
| Depreciable basis of home | $ | Use as an employee? | * Yes ❑ No
 |
| **1) Exclusive Use Test—Business Use of Home** |

The exclusive use test is met if an area of the home is used only for business. The area can be a room or other separately identifi- able space. The space does not need to be marked off by a perma- nent partition. This test is not met if the taxpayer uses the area both for business and for personal purposes, such as a den used for business during the day and TV viewing during the evening.

The exclusive use test is not required for:

* An area used on a regular basis for storage of inventory or product samples.
* A home used as a day care facility.

Storage of inventory or product samples—exception to exclusive use test. A taxpayer using part of a home for business to store inventory or product samples is not required to meet the exclusive use test. However, the tax- payer must meet all the following tests.

* The taxpayer is in the business of selling products at wholesale or retail.
* The inventory or product samples are kept in the home for use in the business.
* The taxpayer’s home is the only fixed location of the business.
* The storage space is used on a regular basis.
* The storage space is a separately identifiable space suitable for storage.

**2) Regular Use Test—Business Use of Home**

The regular use test means a taxpayer must use a specific area of the home for business on a regular basis. Incidental or occasional business use is not regular use. All facts and circumstances are considered in determining whether the business use is regular.

**3) Trade or Business Use Test—Business Use of Home**

To satisfy the trade or business use test, the portion of the home used for business must be used in connection with a trade or business. If the business use is for a profit-seeking activity that is not a trade or business, the deduction is not allowed.

**4) Principal Place of Business Test—Business Use of Home**

A trade or business can have more than one location. To quali- fy for a business use of home deduction, the home must be the principal place of business for that trade or business. To make this determination, the following are considered.

* The relative importance of the activities performed at each place where business is conducted, and
* The amount of time spent at each place where business is conducted.

A home office qualifies under this test if:

* The home office is used exclusively and regularly for administrative or management activities of the trade or business.
* There is no other fixed location where substantial administrative or management activities are conducted.

**Self-Employment (SE) Tax**

• SE tax is a Social Security and Medicare tax primarily for indi- viduals who are self-employed. It is similar to the Social Security and Medicare tax withheld from the pay of most wage earners. Your payments of SE tax contribute to your coverage under the Social Security system. Social Security coverage provides you with retirement benefits, disability benefits, survivor benefits, and hospital insurance (Medicare) benefits.

• You must pay SE tax if your net earnings from self-employment were $400 or more, or you had church employee income of $108.28 or more. The SE tax rules apply no matter how old you are and even if you are already receiving Social Security or Medicare benefits.

• For 2014, the SE tax rate on net earnings is 15.3% (12.4% for Social Security plus 2.9% for Medicare). Only the first $117,000 (2014) of combined wages, tips, and net earnings is subject to the 12.4% Social Security part of SE tax.